SAFETY DATA SHEET



FVP FULL SYNTHETIC 2-CYCLE OIL 3.2 OZ.

Section 1. Identif	ication	
GHS product identifier	: FVP FULL SYNTHETIC 2-C	CYCLE OIL 3.2 OZ.
Product code	: 2COFS-3X2	
Other means of	: Not available.	
identification		
Product type	: Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and us	ses advised against
Identified uses		
Industrial applications: Lubri	cating Oil	
Uses advised against		Reason
None known.		
Supplier's details	: Factory Motor Parts 1380 Corporate Center Curv Eagan, MN 55121 866-387-3343	e, Suite 200
Emergency telephone number	: INFOTRAC 1-800-535-5053	
Section 2. Hazard	ds identification	
OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered h (29 CFR 1910.1200).	nazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard
	(20 0111 1010.1200).	
	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Ca	tegory 4
substance or mixture		tegory 4
substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Ca	tegory 4
substance or mixture <u>GHS label elements</u>		tegory 4
substance or mixture <u>GHS label elements</u> Signal word	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Ca : Warning : Combustible liquid.	tegory 4
substance or mixture <u>GHS label elements</u> Signal word Hazard statements	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Ca : Warning : Combustible liquid.	o out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed,
substance or mixture GHS label elements Signal word Hazard statements <u>Precautionary statements</u>	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Cat Warning Combustible liquid. Read label before use. Keep have product container or label 	o out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, bel at hand.
substance or mixture <u>GHS label elements</u> Signal word Hazard statements <u>Precautionary statements</u> General	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Cat Warning Combustible liquid. Read label before use. Keep have product container or lal Wear protective gloves. We 	o out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, bel at hand.
substance or mixture GHS label elements Signal word Hazard statements <u>Precautionary statements</u> General Prevention	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Cat Warning Combustible liquid. Read label before use. Keep have product container or lal Wear protective gloves. We surfaces No smoking. 	o out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, bel at hand. ar eye or face protection. Keep away from flames and hot
Hazard statements Precautionary statements General Prevention Response	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Cat Warning Combustible liquid. Read label before use. Keep have product container or lal Wear protective gloves. We surfaces No smoking. Not applicable. Store in a well-ventilated place 	o out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, bel at hand. ar eye or face protection. Keep away from flames and hot

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

Other means of identification

- : Mixture
- : Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Butene, homopolymer (products derived from either/or But-1-ene/But-2-ene)	≥25 - ≤50 ≥25 - ≤50 ≥10 - ≤25	64742-54-7 9003-29-6 64742-47-8

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	:	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	:	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects				
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Over-exposure signs/symptoms				
Eye contact	: No specific data.			
Inhalation	: No specific data.			
Skin contact	: No specific data.			
Ingestion	: No specific data.			

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary		
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison trea quantities have been ingested or inhaled.	atment specialist immediately if large
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 04/21/2020	Version : 1.01

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Section 4. First aid measures

Specific treatments Protection of first-aiders : No specific treatment.

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

-	-
Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Combustible liquid. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact

Section 6. Accidental release measures

information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist
Butene, homopolymer (products derived from either/or But-1-ene/But- 2-ene)	None.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m ³ , (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Individual protection measu	<u>Jres</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Clear. Red.
Odor	: Not available.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: Not available.
Flash point	: Open cup: 80°C (176°F) [Cleveland.]
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 0.861
Solubility	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Solubility in water	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 0.368 cm²/s (36.8 cSt)

Date of issue/Date of revision

:04/21/2020

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available. **Pour point**

: -34°C (-29.2°F)

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	5.7 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Butene, homopolymer (products derived from either/ or But-1-ene/But-2-ene)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>10250 mg/kg	-
,	LD50 Oral	Rat	>34600 mg/kg	-
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
, .	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Butene, homopolymer (products derived from either/or But-1-ene/But- 2-ene)	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	: Not available.	
Potential acute health effects	5		
Eye contact	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Skin contact	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Symptoms related to the phy	<u>sic</u>	cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics	
Eye contact	:	No specific data.	
Inhalation	:	No specific data.	
Skin contact	:	No specific data.	
Ingestion	1	No specific data.	
Delayed and immediate effect Short term exposure	<u>ts</u>	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.	
Long term exposure			
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.	
Potential chronic health eff	ect	<u>s</u>	
Not available.			
General	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Teratogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Developmental effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Fertility effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
TRUSOUTH SYN BL 2 CYCLE BULK	N/A	3504.5	N/A	N/A	N/A
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	5.7
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A

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Section 12. Ecological information

IOXICITY			
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute IC50 >100 mg/l Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Algae Fish	72 hours 96 hours
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	OECD 301F Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test	69 % - Readily - 28	days	-	-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis	6	Biodegradability
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic Butene, homopolymer	-		-		Not readily Readily
(products derived from either/ or But-1-ene/But-2-ene) Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	-		-		Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	>6 7.6 to 7.8	- 314 to 1882	high
Butene, homopolymer (products derived from either/ or But-1-ene/But-2-ene)	7.0107.0	514 10 1662	high

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc)

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact

Section 13. Disposal considerations

with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	NA1993	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.
UN proper shipping name	Combustible liquid, n.o. s. (Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light)	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.
Transport hazard class(es)	Combustible liquid.	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.
Packing group	111	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

Additional information		
DOT Classification	:	Non-bulk packages (less than or equal to 119 gal) of combustible liquids are not regulated as hazardous materials.
TDG Classification	:	-
IMDG	1	-
ΙΑΤΑ	:	-
Special precautions for user	:	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code	:	Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	T: C	SCA 8(a) PAIR: naphthalene SCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined lean Water Act (CWA) 307: ethylbenzene; naphthalene lean Water Act (CWA) 311: xylene; ethylbenzene; naphthalene
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Li	sted
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: N	ot listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: N	ot listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: N	ot listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: N	ot listed
<u>SARA 302/304</u>		

Section 15. Regulatory information

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ

: Not applicable.

SARA 311/312 Classification

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Butene, homopolymer (products derived from either/or But-1-ene/ But-2-ene)	≥25 - ≤50	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light		FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

State regulations

Massachusetts	: The following components are listed: OIL MIST, MINERAL
Now York	None of the components are listed

- New York
- : None of the components are listed.
- New Jersey Pennsylvania
- None of the components are listed.None of the components are listed.
- California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Ethylbenzene, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Information provided is based on industrial use and may not be relevant to consumer applications.

			Maximum acceptable dosage level
Ethylbenzene	0.0051 - 0.0055	Yes.	-
Naphthalene	0.0001 - 0.0005	Yes.	-

International lists

National inventory	
Australia	: All components are listed or exempted.
Canada	: All components are listed or exempted.
China	: All components are listed or exempted.
Europe	: All components are listed or exempted.
Japan	: Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
New Zealand	: All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines	: All components are listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea	: All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan	: All components are listed or exempted.
Thailand	: Not determined.
Turkey	: Not determined.
United States	: All components are listed or exempted.
Viet Nam	: Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification Flam. Liq. 4, H227		Justification	
		On basis of test data	
<u>History</u>			
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 04/21/2020		
Version	: 1.01		
Key to abbreviations	BCF = Bioconcentration F GHS = Globally Harmoniz IATA = International Air T IBC = International Mar IMDG = International Mar LogPow = logarithm of the MARPOL = International	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available 	

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.